SAFETY DATA SHEET



Fine-L-Kote SRV Standard Viscosity Silicone Coating

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: Fine-L-Kote SRV Standard Viscosity Silicone Coating				
Product code	: 2127-SRV				
Other means of identification	: Coating. Industrial/Professional use 2127-G, 2127-5G, 2127-54G				
Product type	: Liquid.				

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Coating.

Uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details

: Manufacturer Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 678-819-1408 Toll free: 1-800-858-4043 Fax: 1 806-372-8750

Distributor **EMX Enterprises LTD** 250 Granton Drive Richmond Hill, ONT Canada L4B 1H7 905-764-0040

Emergency telephone	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300
number (with hours of	CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666
operation)	Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043
	24/7

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2		
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms			



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Coating.
identification	Industrial/Professional use
	2127-G, 2127-5G, 2127-54G

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
hexamethyldisiloxane	Disiloxane, 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyl-; Disiloxane, hexamethyl-; 1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexamethyldisiloxane; HMDS; Hexamethyloxydisilane	≥30 - ≤60	107-46-0
Tertiairy butyl acetate	Acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; tert-Butyl-acetate; tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid; Acetic acid, tert-butyl ester; 1,1-Dimethylethyl ester acetic acid; T-BUTYL ACETATE; tertiary butyl acetate; tBAc; acetic acid, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester; Tertiairy butyl acetate; tert-Butyl alcohol, acetate	≥10 - ≤30	540-88-5
gamma-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1-Propanamine, 3-(triethoxysilyl)-; aminopropyltriethoxysilane; 3- (Triethoxysilyl) propylamine; gamma- Aminopropyltriethoxysilane; 3-triethoxysilylpropan-1-amine; (3-Aminopropyl)triethoxysilane; APTES, APTS; 1-Propanamine, 3-triethoxysilyl-; γ- Aminopropyltriethoxysilane; Triethoxy (3-aminopropyl)silane; Triethoxy (gamma-aminopropyl)silane	≥1 - ≤5	919-30-2
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-; Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4); Cyclotetrasiloxane, octamethyl-; D4; 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane; OCTAMETHYLTETRASILOXANE; CYCLOMETHICONE; CYCLOTETRASILOXANE; 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl- 1,3,5,7,2,4,6,8-tetroxatetrasilocane; Tetracyclomethicone; Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxanes	≥0.1 - ≤1	556-67-2

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures					
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.				
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.				
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. 				
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.				

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed				
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.			
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.			
Over-exposure signs/sympto	o <u>ms</u>			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			

Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

- Specific treatments : No specific treatment.
- **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion from the chemical hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. **Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if **Special protective actions** there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without for fire-fighters suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained 2 equipment for fire-fighters breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures						
For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.				
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".				
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).				

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrications (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wel ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits			
Tertiairy butyl acetate		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).				
			8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.	•		
			8 hrs OEL: 950 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
			CA British Columbia Provincial	(Canada,		
			1/2020).	,		
			TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.			
			CA Quebec Provincial (Canada,	. 7/2019).		
			TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.	,		
			TWAEV: 950 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
			CA Saskatchewan Provincial (C	anada,		
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	7/2013).
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OARS WEEL (United States, 7/2018).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Liquid.]
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -8.8°C (16.2°F) [Tagliabue]
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.

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Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		ure at 20°C	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	42.15	5.6	OECD 104	357.48	47.7	OECD 104
Tertiairy butyl acetate	42	5.6	ASTM D 2878			
hexamethyldisiloxane	33.39	4.5				
Propanol, 1(or 2)- (2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	1.55	0.21				
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	0.99	0.13				
butan-2-one O,O',O''- (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime	0	0				
Relative vapor density	: Not avai	lable.				
Relative density	: 0.85					
Density	: 0.85 g/ci	m³				
olubility in water	: Not avai	lable.				

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

2

Auto-ignition temperature

octanol/water

Ingredient name	°C	°F N	ethod
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	280 to 470	536 to 878	DIN EN 14522
butan-2-one O,O',O"-(vinylsilylidyne)trioxime	310	590	
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	321	609.8	
hexamethyldisiloxane	340	644	DIN 51794
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	384 to 387	723.2 to 728.6	ASTM E 659
Tertiairy butyl acetate	589	1092.2	ASTM E 659

: Not available.

Particle characteristics

Viscosity

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hexamethyldisiloxane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	15956 ppm	4 hours
Tertiairy butyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	4100 mg/kg	-
gamma-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4.29 g/kg	-
Aminopropyltriethoxysilane				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.57 g/kg	-
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	36 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1770 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1540 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hexamethyldisiloxane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Tertiairy butyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 uL	-
gamma- Aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 ug	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Reproductive toxicity Not available.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	<u>y (single exposure)</u>
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	<u>y (repeated exposure)</u>
Aspiration hazard Not available.	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
hexamethyldisiloxane	N/A	N/A	15956	N/A	N/A
Tertiairy butyl acetate	4100	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
gamma-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1570	4290	N/A	N/A	N/A
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	1540	1770	N/A	36	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute LC50 327000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1 to 29 μg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours 4 days 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7.9 μg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.4 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Egg	21 days 93 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
hexamethyldisiloxane	5.3	1290 to 2410	high
Tertiairy butyl acetate	1.64	-	low
gamma-	1.7	3.4	low
Aminopropyltriethoxysilane			
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	6.488	13400	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexamethyldisiloxane)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexamethyldisiloxane)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexamethyldisiloxane)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (hexamethyldisiloxane)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	П	11	Ш	11
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information				
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.		
DOT Classification	:	Reportable quantity 40000 lbs / 18160 kg [5644 gal / 21364.7 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.		
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.		
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.		
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

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Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on I	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	ersistent organic ronutants
	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
Inventory list	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 12/5/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/5/2022
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/5/2022	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	12/13
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Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.